

THE CYNTHIANA NEWS.

VOL. XX.

CYNTHIANA, KY., JULY 21, 1870.

NO. 19

CYNTHIANA NEWS.

A. J. MOREY,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
TERMS.

The CYNTHIANA News is published weekly
\$2 per annum in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING PER SQUARE OF 10 LINES.

One insertion	\$1.00
Three months	4.00
Six months	7.00
Twelve months	10.00
Obituary Notices	5.00

Job Work executed with neatness
and dispatch, on reasonable terms.

The News has been incorporated by
the Legislature of Kentucky and can publish
Legal Advertisements.

Kentucky Central Rail Road.
UP TRAINS.

Leave Covington at 7.30 A.M. and 1.40 P.M.
Arrive at Cynthiana at 10.25 A.M. and 4.35 P.M.

Arrive at Lexington at 12.00, Noon, and 6.10 P.M.

Arrive at Nicholasville at 12.45 P.M. and 8 P.M.

DOWN TRAINS.

Leave Nicholasville at 4.30 A.M. and 1.00 P.M.

Leave Lexington at 7.00 A.M. and 3.00 P.M.
Arrive at Cynthiana at 8.35 A.M. and 4.35 P.M.

Arrive at Covington at 11.30 A.M. and 7.30 P.M.

Both trains run through between
Covington and Nicholasville.

C. L. DONNALLY.



Resident Dentist, Cynthiana, Ky.
Office on Pike street, over Cox's Dry Goods Store.

May 27-1870.

HILL & SMITH,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,

LIQUOR DEALERS.

No. 19 & 21 Pike street, Covington, Ky.
Storage and Commission
mcg 22-66

B. K. REYNOLDS;

Distiller and Manufacturer of
Pure Bourbon

AND

Rye Whisky.

Boyd's Station,
HARRISON COUNTY, KY.

December 16, 1869-1870.

LAST PARIS PROPERTY
FOR SALE!

A RESIDENCE containing Six Rooms
and a Kitchen. This property is well
adapted and convenient for a
Boarding House. Lot 75-137 feet. Also
for Rent my

OLD GROCERY STAND

And two residences on the same lot, Stable,
&c. This is one of the best stands in Paris.

PIERRE DROUAN.

For terms apply to W. H. LEWIS,
Attorney at Law and Real Estate Agent.

Send me your News copy and charge
Trunk Kennicott.

April 14, 1870-1870.

Desirable City Property for Sale.

Patent Hammered Horse Nails.

OUR Nails are manufactured entirely
from "Benzon" Iron, and are unsurpassed
by any nail in market. They are the
"STANDARD" HORSE NAIL.

Office, 68 West Van Buren Street, Factory,
50 to 68 West Van Buren, corner Clinton,
Street, Chicago. N. CORWITH & CO., Pres.

A. W. KINGSLAND, Secy.

G. W. SMALLEY, Sup't.

Send for sample card and price list.

April 21, 1870-1870.

J. B. Kirkpatrick.
COOPER.

AND

DEALER IN COOPERAGE,

Between Scott and Madison, and

Seventh and Eighth Sts.,

In rear of Brewster's Coal Yard,

COVINGTON, KY.

Jan 15-1870.

Splendid Trotting Stallion

STONEWALL.

WILL stand the present season, at My

Stables, 1 mile from Lair's Station

on the Job, Wesley Lair Farm, and will be

permitted to serve Mares at \$15 to insure-

money due when the fact is known or Mare

desired.

Great care will be taken to prevent ac-

cidents, but no responsibility should any

accident occur. Good pasture or grain feed if

desired, for mares from a distance.

Deserted and Pedigree.

STONEWALL is a deep sorrel, fifteen

and half hands high, heavy mane and

tail six years old this spring; has trotted

in extraordinary time; he was sired by

Joe Love's Adullah, dam by Yankee Boy,

grand dam, a thoroughbred mare.

T. J. MEGIBBEN.

May 5, 1870.

Joh L. Lehman,

CONFECIONER

No. 507 Madison Street.

COVINGTON, KY.

Weddings and Parties Furnished in

the Latest Styles.

Subscription to the Cynthiana

News is \$2 a year always in advance

BOOTS AND SHOES.

F. A. SPILLE, No. 606, Madison Street,
Lexington, Ky., Manufacturer of
Fashionable Boots and Shoes for Ladies,
Gentlemen and Children. We Manufacture
all of our work. Full Stock constantly on
hand. Prices as low as the lowest, and all
work guaranteed. Call and examine before
purchasing elsewhere.

April 28, 1870-1870.

H. D. FRISBIE,

CYNTHIANA, KY.

W. HOLESALE and Retail Dealer in Coal
Youghiogheny, Conlburg and Honey-
well canal, by the car load, or cart load for
cash only. As is well known, I can and
will undersell any and every other com-
petitor. I mean what I say when I will not
sell for cash only, as I cannot and will not
sell on time to any one.

November 25, 1869.

DREXELIUS & MABUS

FASHIONABLE

Merchant Tailors

AND DEALERS IN

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

SOUTH-EAST COR. MADISON & SIXTH STS.,

COVINGTON, KY.

March 24, 1870.

Lumber! Lumber!

Shingles, Laths, Sash,

DOORS, BLINDS, &c.

We are now prepared to furnish all the
above articles of

Greatly Reduced Prices.

and as low as they can be bought in Cin-
cinnati.

Being connected with one of the largest
manufactories of Lumber at Saginaw,
Michigan, enables us to sell in any quantity
cheaper than any other dealer in this city.

We have now in our yard

2,000,000

set of seasoned Pine, Poplar and Hemlock
umber.

500,000

cut Poplar shingles, from \$1.50 to \$1.00 per
square. Delivered on board of cars with-
out extra charge.

CHARLES & MATHEWS,

Lumber Dealers,

68 Pike Street, Covington,

March 5, 1870.

M. WHOOD.

HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED

JUST published, second edition, Dr.

Lewis' (241 pages). The Medical

Companion and Guide to Health, on the

radical cure of Supernatural or Seminal

Weakness, Impotency, Mental and Physical

Impediments to Marriage, etc.

and the Venereal and Syphilitic Maladies,

with plain and direct treatment for

specific cures of Secondary Symptoms, Gon-

orrhoea, Gleet, Strictures, and all disease

of the skin, such as Scurvy, Scrofula, Ulcers,

Blis, Blotches, and pimplies on the face and

body. Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, induced

by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

The celebrated author in this admirable

Treatise, especially designed for the

young and successful practice, that the alarming

consequences of self-abuse may be radically

cured; pointing out a mode of cure at once

simple, certain and effectual, by means of

which every sufferer, no matter what his

condition may be, can be effectually cured,

privately, privately and radically.

CHARLES & MATHEWS,

Lumber Dealers,

68 Pike Street, Covington,

March 5, 1870.

BIG PAY! \$2,500.00 A YEAR

BY SELLING THE BEST AND CHEAPEST

EDUCATIONAL BOOKS.

Having sold up our Foundry with special

reference to the above class of work, we

are now prepared to fill with promptness

all orders for Bronze Castings of Statuary,

ORNAMENTAL IRON GOODS.

The largest assortment to be found in the

United States, all of which are executed

with the express view of pleasing the taste,

while they combine all the requisites of

beauty and substantial construction.

Purchasers may rely on having all arti-

cles carefully boxed and shipped to

the place of destination.

Designs will be sent to those who wish

to make a selection.</p

CYNTHIANA NEWS.
CYNTHIANA, JULY 21, 1870

A. J. MOREY, EDITOR.



Democratic County Ticket!

STATE SOVEREIGNTY.

WHITE SUPREMACY—AND REPPUDIATION!

This is Liberty.

FOR SHERIFF,
JOHN LAFFERTY.
FOR DEPUTY SHERIFF,
W. T. BEASEMAN.

FOR COUNTY JUDGE,
C. W. WEST.

FOR COUNTY COURT CLERK,
PERRY WHERRITT.

FOR JAILOR,
I. N. WEBB.

FOR ASSESSOR,
RICHARD M. COLLIER.

FOR SURVEYOR,
A. J. CASEY.

FOR COUNTY ATTORNEY,
A. PERRIN.

FOR CORONER,
A. F. WHITEKER.

City Democratic Nominations.

FOR POLICE JUDGE,
W. W. LONGMOOR.

FOR CITY MARSHAL,
T. E. WOODWARD.

TO CITY VOTERS.

No man is entitled to a vote at the coming city election, who has not been a resident of the city for 12 months. If any man has moved out and then moved in, he has lost his right to vote. We make this statement for all concerned, as we understand that quite a sum of money has been raised to prosecute and make an example of some poor but careless man.

DEMOCRATIC MASS MEETING. The Democracy of this city met at the Court House last Saturday, and nominated Mr. W. W. Longmoor, the Democratic Candidate for Police Judge, for Cynthiana and Thos. D. Woodward, the Democratic candidate for City Marshal.

They are good men, and worthy of the confidence and support, of our Democratic fellow-citizens, and we hope to see them sustained.

HARRISON COUNTY FAIR.

The prospect for a large and interesting meeting, in September, of the Agricultural and Mechanical Association for Harrison, has never been as flattering as it is this year. More people are taking an active interest in getting up their stock than usual—and preparing for a large display in the Mechanical and Domestic Department. The Fair is the conversation everywhere. Better inducements are offered than ever before. No charge is made for the privilege of showing Stock, Mechanical or other work. Everything can be shown free for premium. This is a free Fair in many respects—and it will be the fairest fight for premiums presented in Kentucky.

Everybody is expected to come, and if half we hear is true every body will be on hand.

Harrison county Fair is the most popular in the State or World—and we have no doubt that many would have visited us from the Old Country, but France and Prussia have hooked horns and no passports will be granted to men who can shoot a gun.

The great activity on the part of our people, making preparations in every conceivable way to get a recognition from the Harrison Fair is sufficient proof of its popularity.

Mr. Ward, the Secretary, of the Society, received a circular from the "Mammoth Balloon Company," in Cincinnati, the other day, asking the privilege of uniting with the Association one day and charging an extra sum of ten or fifteen cents to the people as they pass the gates, that they may all behold three women "go up in a Balloon." The proposition is a good one, with the exception, that the Fair would be likely to go up in a Balloon itself if it made so great a charge as the one suggested. There will be from eight to ten thousand people in attendance, and even at five cents, such a crowd would send the women up with five hundred dollars. This would be ample for these Balloonists.

This year, it is proposed to inaugurate the old style for our Fair—that is to have a splendid Ball for three nights of the week. All the dancing and pleasure of that kind will take place at the Smith House.

Congress.

Adjourned last week. It was a gratifying event to the people of the United States, and particularly to the people of the South, that this contemptible body of violators of the Constitution of our common country have adjourned, "SINE DIE."

A large number of the rascals, who have been occupying seats in that house, for a number of years past, will never again be permitted to insult and outrage a free and intelligent people, as they have during the past few months. It seems that radical hate and spite gave free and unbridled range to all its damnable fiendishness in passing laws to persecute and degrade the white man, and elevate, at the white man's expense, a race, which in all respect has tested the minds of our best men, to tell or determine whether they belonged to humanity or not.

We have noticed at length, all the prominent measures which the radical paw-wow have adopted or proposed:

We understand that that infamous proposition called the "Georgia Bill" has passed both Houses of Congress. We are not acquainted with the propositions which it contains now, for we understand, that the "Black Harlots," have amended so many times that it is not what it was when first offered.

Quarter-master Akerman, of the C. S. A., now Attorney General for the Great Presidential Ignoramus of United States, will give an opinion as to whether this bill authorizes the people to hold a new election this Fall or not. We are pleased to learn from the Telegrams, passing through the daily papers, that Quarter-master Akerman, will not render a decision in favor of the "Bullcock Squad." In this he will be of considerable benefit to the decency of Georgia.

The prospect for a permanent peace with the Indians, is much better than has been expected. It is said that old "Red Cloud," is proving faithful. We venture the assertion to-day, that there is more truth and honesty among the Indian Chiefs, than with half the Commissioners which the government has sent West, to make peace and settle our difficulties with the red men. How could it be otherwise with a party, whose office holders and leading men, have never ceased, and never hesitated to rob their own people. To steal from an Indian is a secondary matter, taken in connection with robbing one's neighbors.

Let us congratulate ourselves that Congress has adjourned.

LATEST WAR NEWS.

Considerable twaddle has been passing from Europe to America, with reference to the war with France and Prussia. War has been declared by France against Prussia, and the troops of both countries are moving towards the Rhine.

Much war enthusiasm is reported to exist with the people of both countries, and from the tone of the telegrams, we had supposed that thousands of people, of both sides, would have been dead and buried this—but nobody is hurt yet.

Russia it is believed will, or has already taken sides with Prussia.

England declares that the neutrality of Belgium must not be disturbed or the British Lion will be found roaming furiously through Europe. It is believed the English will be drawn into the war.

The Fenians we understand, are watching an opportunity to make a strike for "Ould Ireland."

We shall take particular pains to give our readers all the news connected with this muddle, and when the causes for which they are fighting, have all been promulgated, we shall give our readers our notions as to which of the beligerents are right.

The following appeared in the last Democrat, and we copy it by request of the author.

CYNTHIANA, July 14th, 1870.

It has been made known to me that certain parties in this vicinity are circulating all kinds of stories, as to what I said in a speech made at Rutland last Saturday, one among the number is that if the "Rebel Democracy" of Kentucky did not divide the offices with the Union men of Ky., I would invoke the aid of the Government, &c. I said nothing of the kind, as those who were present well know. In my introductory remarks, I said that personally I had nothing against the gentlemen who are the Democratic nominees for office in this county, that I was upon very friendly terms with Mr. West and Perrin. I then spoke of the impossible to examine candidates,

the ingratitude of the men, (who by the laws of Kentucky were expatriated,) towards those who had enfranchised them.

I then compared the two tickets before the people of the county, stating that the Democratic candidates were in the Rebel army, or sympathizers with the Rebellion, that the Republican Ticket was composed of men who were in the Union Army, or were Union men.

I then said that we the Union men

had been born beat long enough, and that as far as I was concerned, every Republican in the county, without regard to color, who was entitled by the laws of the United States, should vote, if we had to use bayonets for that purpose; and in answer to a question of Mr. West, said that I would have him arrested, if he, in the capacity of County Judge, refused to admit testimony in a case in which I was engaged, on account of race or color. The above is from recollection, but about the substance of my remarks. You will please bear with me while I allude to another subject connected with the present political canvass in Harrison county.

It has been reported, so I am informed, that if Mr. Perrin is elected County Attorney I intend to contest his election in the United States Courts. I will now repeat what I said two months ago, viz: That I desired nothing but a fair election, that if Mr. Perrin was declared elected by the proper authorities of the county, I would not have the place, I now further say, that if the United States interfers, (which I do not expect or desire,) and prevents those from voting who are entitled thereto, thereby defeating Mr. Perrin and electing myself, that I will not accept the position.

Very Respectfully,
W. W. KIMBROUGH.

REGULATIONS OF THE BOARD OF EXAMINERS OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF HARRISON COUNTY.

The regular meetings of the Board for the purpose of examining applicants for situations as teachers in the Public Schools of this county are held semi annually, on the third and fourth Saturdays in July and August, and in December and January, of each School year, in the Academy building, and at such other times as the Board may appoint, public notice thereof being given in the Cynthiana News.

2. The Board grants three grades of Certificates, denominated, respectively, First, Second and Third Class Certificates. A third class certificate shall not be issued more than twice to the same teacher. Second and third class certificates shall be valid for one year only, and first class, for two years.

3. Candidates for Certificates are examined in Spelling, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Geography and History.

4. The examinations shall be both written and oral. The written examination will embrace Written Arithmetic, English Grammar, Geography and History. The oral examination will include Reading, Spelling and Mental Arithmetic.

5. Candidates for a First Class Certificate shall answer correctly at least 80 per cent; for a Second Class Certificate 70 per cent; and for a Third Class Certificate, 55 per cent. of the questions given in each subject.

6. The final decision of the Board of Examiners will be communicated to applicants, by letter, through the Post Office; with certificate inclosed, in all cases in which the examination has proved satisfactory.

7. Candidates for a certificate are requested, in compliance with the law, to present to the Board a testimonial, signed by at least two citizens of their neighborhood, certifying that they possess "a good moral character, and a fair ability to govern a school."

Candidates are required to observe the following rules:

1. Previous to the examination, applicants will register their names with the Commissioner of Schools, with Post Office address.

2. Every applicant should be present promptly at 8 o'clock. A. M., when the examinations will begin, take the seat assigned, and perform the work as directed, without consulting any book, paper, or person, the Examiners excepted.

3. Every answer must be numbered to correspond with the number of the question.

4. In every case the answer must be written in ink. All mistakes in spelling, punctuation, and the use of capital letters will be noticed by the Examiners. The answers to arithmetical questions must be accompanied with the process in full, by which they are obtained.

The Board will supply applicants with pens, ink and paper.

All those that intend to teach a Public School in this county during the present school year, are urged to come forward to the Examination on one of the days designated, as it will

be under the old law, at any time they may happen to present themselves for that purpose.

No public funds can be drawn for the support of a school, unless the teacher possesses certificate from the Board of Examiners.

We take occasion to say to the teachers and trustees that the Cynthiana News, by the kindness of its editor, who has at heart the educational interests of the people, has been adopted as the organ through which all official business between school officers and teachers of the county will be transacted.

J. F. LEDUS,
School Commissioner.

From the Covington Journal.

SOUVENIR OF BAYONET RULE IN KENTUCKY.

The arrest of a number of prominent citizens—Democrats—of this section of Kentucky, by the military authorities, in 1864, is doubtless remembered very distinctly by many of our readers. The arrests in this city were made by the shoulder strapped gentleman—a stranger here—with a file of soldiers at his heels, and the parties to be arrested pointed out by an intensely patriotic individual who was willing to serve his country in any way—except in the army—for a compensating amount of greenbacks. Nearly all of the men arrested were well advanced in years and physically incapable of taking up arms. These gentlemen were taken to Louisville, and committed to a loathsome military prison.

It is well understood that the arrests, in this county at least, were made at the instigation of certain "Union" men here in Covington to deter Democrats from voting at the approaching election as well to punish some of their neighbors for differing with them in opinion. These purposes having been accomplished, the prisoners ought to have been released; but a scheme was hatched in the fertile brain of that incorruptible patriot Col. Mark Mundy—then a hanger-on at the military headquarters at Louisville—to make a little money out of the affair. Accordingly Col. M. M. undertook to effect the release of the prisoners for a stipulated sum of money in each case, the amount ranging from \$600 to \$10,000, according to the supposed ability of the party to pay. Several of the gentlemen, anxious to return to their homes and business, and sick of the discomforts attending military imprisonment, paid the amount assessed and were released.

Be it remembered that Mundy, like the traditional Jew, could do nothing himself, but had a friend who would give the required relief, provided terms were made satisfactory. This friend was S. G. Burbridge, Maj.-Gen. commanding District of Kentucky. Capt. J. W. Leathers and R. M. Carlisle, Esq., of this county, were of the number arrested. Leathers and Carlisle each agreed to pay Mundy his check and the latter handing over the cash, were paroled, but subsequently re-arrested and ordered North of the Ohio river, to remain during the war. An appeal to Burbridge to modify this order met with the following response:

HEAD-QUARTERS DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY,
5th DIVISION, 23d ARMY CORPS.
Lexington, Ky., Sept. 17th 1864.
John W. Leathers and R. M. Carlisle, citizens of Kenton county, were recently ordered North of the Ohio river, to remain during the war, will be permitted to return to Kentucky, and remain, on the following conditions: That they at once identify themselves with the Union party, and act with it that they support the Government of the United States under all circumstances. On their return, the foregoing conditions, backed by their bond and oath, and the endorsement of the principal Union men of their county, pledging themselves that their promises shall be kept, accompanied by a petition from them for their return, they will be allowed to do so, and on no other conditions.

S. G. BURBRIDGE.
Maj. Gen.

This letter is interesting as showing the disgraceful and tyrannical means resorted to by the so called Unionists to build up a party in Kentucky. It was well understood that in these proceedings the military was used by stay-at-home patriots to accomplish selfish ends and to punish their Democratic neighbors. Is it any wonder that the word "Union," applied to a political party, became a stench in the nostrils of every decent man in Kentucky?

Of course neither Leathers nor Carlisle assented to the degrading terms. Not long after Burbridge wrote this letter Col. Hammond was placed in command at Louisville, and upon appeal to him Leathers and Carlisle were allowed to return to their homes. Hammond saying that he had examined the books and found no charge against them, and didn't know why they had been arrested.

The Doctor gives at first a compound of ingredients, the only preparation in the wide world that has ever been discovered which will bring back the lost disease, the patient gaining strength every day, while taking. After having given the first to break up the roots of disease, she next gives another kind of medicine to remove disease entirely from the system. Some of these medicines are a Wonderful Discovery of the ages, and are not found in possession of any Druggist, or Dispensary in the United States.

All those who are afflicted with Dyspepsia, Jaundie, Liver Complaint, Asthma, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Diathesis, Tumors, Gravel, Cancer, Disease, Palpitation of the Heart, Pleurisy, Ulcers, Sores, Scrofula, Sciatica, Leprosy, Erysipelas, all complaints peculiar to Females, Weakness, General Debility, Neuralgia, Salt Rheum, Disease of the Eyes and Head, Cutaneous Affections, all Impurities of the Blood, and many diseases heretofore unknown to the Doctor invites to come and be healed.

Many of her different compounds are truly wonderful Indian Remedies. They have as a specific effect and relieve in ease and safety other medicines fail. Her medicines remove Fever and Ague so that it will never return. Gives no Mercury for any Disorder. Diseases may be compared to a tree, its limbs, its branches, and all but the roots may be removed, having the appearance that all is destroyed, yet the roots will again spring up, showing that the disease is not destroyed. Just so with diseases, some will give a medicine to smooth over disease, while the roots are left remaining in the system, and will again spring up.

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CYNTHIANA NEWS.

CYNTHIANA KY.
THURSDAY, JUEY 21, 1870.

LOCAL MATTER.

Take Notice.

All persons having notices in this column will be charged 20 cents per line.

AN APPRENTICE WANTED.

An honest, well balanced boy, of fifteen or sixteen years of age, is wanted as an apprentice at the "News" Office, Cynthiana, Ky.

Notice.

The Accounts of D. A. Givens, are now due, and he hopes his patrons will promptly call and settle the same as he NEEDS the money.

D. A. GIVENS.

June 30, 1870—4w.

Black Jewelry.

Chas. Rieckel has just received the largest assortment of Black Jewelry ever offered in this market, all of which he will sell at the very lowest prices. Call and see for yourself.

T. J. Megibben & Co.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to this firm will please come forward and settle immediately, as the money is needed.

4t.

Bargains.

Call at C. Rieckel's Jewelry Store on Pike street, for bargains, he will sell you Jewelry lower than you can get them at any other establishment in the country.

Look Here.

MY ACCOUNTS ARE DUE AND MUST BE PAID.

I NEED THE MONEY.

E. C. WHERRITT.

July 21, 1870—3w.

Fifty Cent Store.

The almighty dollar split in two on Pike Street, at the 50 cent store.

NORRIS & CO.

Cheapest Fruit Cans.

If you want Fruit Cans at the cheapest rates, call at Joe Hoessly, (Boxe's old stand,) at 75 cents per dozen.

July 21, 1870—2w.

Religious Meeting.

Dr. Hobson, and Elder Ganos, will commence a protracted meeting at Leesburg, on Saturday, July 30th, 1870.

Carpenter and Brooms.

Mr. E. J. Coger, whose shop is on Court-Square, is now fully engaged in the Carpenter Business. He is reliable and quick with his work. In connection with his business, he is manufacturing a splendid article of Brooms, which he will sell at \$3 per dozen. Call and buy a lot.

Tall Blue Grass.

Our friend Ben. Fishback, of Boyd's Station, left at our office several blades of Blue Grass, which were raised on the Farm of James Rollins, which measured five feet eight inches long. The Northern portion of Harrison county, is considerable on Blue Grass.

Good Oats.

Dr. J. W. Powell, of Scott county, has raised good oats this year, two heads of which measured twenty-four and twenty-one inches long—with 172 gains in each head.

Transfer of Real Estate.

T. J. Megibben, Esq., recently sold to C. A. Webster, something over three acres of land, near this place, for which one thousand dollars was paid.

A Good Scholar.

We inadvertently neglected to notice our little friend W. W. Cleary, who has but recently returned from Upper Canada College, in as fair standing as any of his fellow students. He received two prizes for his proficiency in Grammar and the Languages, and for Writing, Book-keeping and Arithmetic. He is certainly a worthy son of old Harrison county.

Colored School.

The Trustees of the Colored School in this city, consisting of H. Johnson, Mr. Straws, and others, have purchased from W. S. Haviland, a lot on Water Street fronting 67 feet, with one hundred and three feet deep, for which they paid \$200 cash. We understand from Rev. Mr. Straws, that a School House will be built upon the ground immediately.

Whisky.

One hundred and four barrels of whiskey, belonging to H. C. Lloyd & Co., seized some time ago by Collector Nixon, have been released by order of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

Subscription to the Cynthiana News is \$2, a year always in advance

The Spencer House Table.

The following notice of this excellent Hotel, is taken from the "Commoner"—and we can endorse every word. Go to the "Spencer" for good treatment and quietness:

We have often referred in the most complimentary terms to the Spencer House, of this city, because we have regarded it as altogether a model hotel, from the very day of its opening. The building was most admirably planned by the architect for the purpose, and the mechanics who executed the work were faithful and efficient. It has larger and better ventilated rooms than any other public house in the city, and the furniture is of the best and richest modern construction.

But it is the table-de-hote the cuisine, of this house that especially recommends it to the public. Particularly since the control passed into the veteran hands of S. Johnson, Esq., has the table been without comparison, and unexceptionably the best in Cincinnati, while the rates per day remain the same. We have the best markets in the West, both in meat, vegetables and fruit, in season and out of season, and the choicest our market affords is found in profusion on the Spencer House table. The table service is unexceptionable, and the attention of the colored servants respectful and unremittent. Our friends will not regret making their home at the Spencer, when visiting the Queen City.

Dogs and Cats.

Every dog has his day and every cat his night, and between the two we are edified. The general programme of midsummer nights festival by Carlo and Tom, has proved so unpopular as to hasten the mortuary among the quadruped poets, as we understand that the Council will pass a dog law.

Accidents.

Are thus noted in Indiana: "We regret to learn that Mr. S. lost his wife yesterday through his own indiscretion. He takes the children, and to-night at 7 P. M., she will become Mrs. B. at St. Peters."

This will occupy too much space—I close with the wish that your paper may continue to prosper.

Truly, &c., C. C. R.

TO THE VOTERS OF CYNTHIANA.

Notice to all who are interested in the city election.

There having been much capital made by some of the opponents, over the notice of last spring for city offices, we have deemed it prudent to have it republished, so all avail may be set aside hence forward.

In it there can not be found one word in relation to the man receiving the greatest amount of legal votes, was to be considered the nominee at the August election. It was an idea hatched for Electioneering purposes only.

MANY DEMOCRATS.

Notice is hereby given that an Election will be held in this city on the 1st SATURDAY in April, 1870, for the Election of Police Judge, Mayor and eight councilmen, for the government of the City of Cynthiana. The Police Judge to hold his office till the 1st Monday in August, 1870, and the Mayor and Eight Councilmen, till the 1st Saturday in April, 1871, or till their successors in office shall be qualified. The Election shall be held in the Office of J. R. Curry, in the Court-House, between the hours of 8 o'clock A. M. and 1 o'clock, P. M., of said day. G. Remington, B. C. Day, and W. S. Wall, are appointed Inspectors to hold said Election.

JAS. L. GRIFFITH, City Clerk.

Kentucky News.

Chicken cholera is raging in Galatin county. One man lost upwards of a hundred.

THE MONEY ORDER SYSTEM.

MR. EDITOR:—Sir:—I hereby submit the following Annual Report of the operations of the Money Order System at this office, during the 12 months, ending July 13th, 1870:

Amount of Receipts for money orders issued:—(\$9801 46.) Nine Thousand Eight Hundred and One Dollars and Forty-six cents.

Amount of Disbursements:—(\$1, 538 90.) Fifteen Hundred, Thirty-eight Dollars and Ninety cents.

Respectfully,

H. M. MAGEE, P. M.

Kentucky State Teachers' Association.

Frankfort, Ky., July 7, 1870. To the Friends of Education:

The next session of the "Kentucky State Teachers' Association" will be held at Russellville the second Tuesday (6th) in August. Hospital entertainment will be afforded by the citizens. Arrangements for half fare tickets will be made with the railroads. All teachers and school commissioners are ex-officio members.

No efforts will be spared to make the convention interesting and profitable. Papers please copy.

Z. F. SMITH, President.

H. A. M. HENDERSON, Secretary.

Splendid Rain.

Last Monday night a refreshing rain fell in this region. It made our farmers laugh on both sides of their mouths. Crops never looked better.

A NEW RESIDENCE FOR SALE.

I wish to sell my new and splendid residence, just finished, situated on Walnut st. containing Four Rooms and a Kitchen, with a good cistern. Come and see it.

P. A. EVGLETH.

LOUISIANA.

The following communication is sent us by our friend C. Rule, Esq., formerly the Editor of the Carlisle (Ky.) Mercury.

SHREVEPORT, LA., July 9th, 1870.

MR. MORAY:—Thinking perhaps you would be pleased to hear from this portion of the "reconstructed" South, I concluded to indite a few lines. I have the pleasure often of perusing the columns of the "News," which is always gladly received by ex-Kentuckians, and read with many pleasing emotions—because it brings us news of dear friends at home—of hallowed association. "Long may it wave" and continue in the advocacy of the principles bequeathed to us by our ancestors.

The city of Shreveport, is practically at the head of navigation on Red River, 500 miles from its mouth, 700 miles above New Orleans, and 60 miles below the Great Raft. It is rapidly improving in every respect and offers greater inducements for the investment of capital than any other city in the South. The country around is dependent upon this place for a market, and it can not be excelled in productiveness and fertility of soil. It commands the trade of an area of territory in Louisiana, Arkansas and Texas, of more than 60,000 square miles, embracing the finest alluvial and richest prairie lands, scarcely any of which, but are susceptible of the highest and most profitable tillage. The Southern Pacific Railroad is being rapidly extended into Texas, thus affording transportation for cotton from the interior.

The prospects for cotton and corn are never better, though our planters by frequent rains have been prevented from giving the cotton, the proper attention it should have. There has been no material change in the Cotton market lately. There has been shipped from this place since September 1st, over 104,000 bales.

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THE INDIANS.

It is now feared here in official quarters that the Indians in the Northwestern and Southern Reservations are intent on war. Several telegrams and letters from General Sheridan were received at the War Department to-day, giving a gloomy account of affairs in these reservations. From these dispatches it seems that the Indians are on the war path, seven different bands fully armed and equipped, having passed over the Pacific Railroad, just below Fort Saunders, on Monday last for the ostensible purpose of going down to hunt for the elk; but neither General Sherman nor Sheridan believe that this is their mission. They are already off of their reservations, and evidently mean mischief. General Sherman says that the whole Indian people seem to be in a restless condition, and that from the general information he received from all sources he has no doubt that they mean war. General Sheridan in his reports to General Sherman states that he found a number of bands over 1,000 miles from their reservations. In a number of their villages he found large quantities of stolen property, which they had accumulated from the raids they had made. The accounts of the atrocities of the Far South Indians are confirmed, and General Sheridan looks every day for an outbreak from the Sioux. He has distributed his force, and made all the needful preparations for defense. He has not force enough to take active offensive measures, even if a general war should begin. He has no hopes of anything good from Red Cloud and his Chieftains, and say that the Red Cloud, if he is so inclined, can not control the Sioux Nation, and that indeed no Indian Chief can speak for his young men, as the latter are first, last, and always for war.

General Sherman endorses these opinions, and stated that to day he feels more concern about the state of Indian affairs than he ever did before. He is satisfied that the Indians have been deceiving the Government for several months past and that their striking a blow is not a matter of doubt with him now. But where they will strike is the perplexing question. He says that Red Cloud and his band left the line of the railroad last Monday, and should be at Fort Laramie to-day where some two hundred lodges of Red Cloud's people are waiting to receive him. He has no confidence in Red Cloud, and thinks the Indian chiefs are to shrewd for the Indian agents.—Washington C.R. N.Y. Tribune:

"Dead Issues."

There can be no such thing as "dead issues" when the fundamental principles of the Federal Constitution have been violated or shamelessly ignored, unless we pronounce that instrument itself also a "dead issue." The Federal Constitution must be regarded as the only standard of right in the administration of the National Government, and every departure from, and infraction of that compact denounced as an unwarranted wrong and therefore illegitimate and unjustifiable.

Those persons claiming to be Democrats, who assent to the baneful and destructive fallacy that the usurpations of the dominant party are "accomplished facts," and therefore "dead issues," have but an imperfect knowledge of the Federal Government as originally instituted or else they stultify and nullify the principles and maxims upon which the Government was based, and become accessory to, and supporters of the foul wrongs perpetrated by despots and petty tyrants, and enemies to our ancient form of government as much as the Mongols themselves, and greater obstacles in the way of restoration, indeed, than the open and avowed advocate of these flagrant usurpations.

ECUMENICAL COUNCIL.

The Boston Herald has this: "It is said, that M. Veret, the Bishop of Savannah, Georgia, in a speech at the Ecumenical Council the other day, spoke eloquently against the dogma of infallibility, declaring that all the bishops who voted in its favor would be guilty of sacrilege. The majority met this imputation with protesting cries, and the clamor became so furious that the President Legate rang his bell and called on the speaker to retract the expression. Supported by Monsignor Strossmeyer, the Bishop of Savannah refused, maintaining that he was entitled to express his conscientious opinion. He said he was a citizen of a country where every opinion was free, and that, trained in freedom he would preserve his independence even in the Ecumenical Council. Monsignor Senesky, Bishop of Ratisbon, spoke with equal force, but in more guarded language, against the dogma, affirming that he expressed the sentiments of the vast majority of German Catholics. The sitting broke up in great agitation."

A young lady in Boone county, Mo., had a little difficulty with her mother, and mashed the old lady's skull in with a brick. The girl's young man, to whom she was about to be married, has gone West to fight the Indians, so as to have a quiet life.

Peaches sell in Atlanta at fifty cents per dozen. They are in good luck.

TO PHYSICIANS

NEW YORK, August 15th, 1868.
Allow me to call your attention to my

Preparation of Compound Extract Buchu.

The component parts are BUCHU LONG LEAF, CUBEBS, JAMPER BERRIES.

MODEL OF PREPARATION.—Buchu, in racino Juniper Berries, by distillation, to form a gin. Cubes extracted by displacement with spirits obtained from Juniper Berries; very little sugar is used, and a small proportion of spirit. It is more palatable than any now in use.

Buchu, as prepared by Druggists, is of a dark color, and a plant that emits its fragrance; the action of heat destroys this (its active principle). It is dark and glutinous decoction. Mine is the preparation predominates; the smallest quantity of the other ingredients are added, to prevent fermentation; upon inspection, it will be found to be a Tincture, as made in Pharmacopeia, or a Syrup—and therefore can be used in cases where fever or inflammation exist. In this, you have the knowledge of the ingredients and the mode of preparation.

Hoping that you will favor it with a trial, and that upon inspection it will meet with your approbation.

With a feeling of confidence,
H. T. HELMBOLD,
Chemist and Druggist,
of 16 Years' Experience.

From the Largest Manufacturing Chemists
in the World.]

NOVEMBER 4, 1864.
I am acquainted with Mr. H. T. HELMBOLD; he occupied the Drug Store opposite my residence, and was successful in conducting his business where others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise.

WILLIAM WEIGHTMAN.
Firm of Powers & Weightman,
Manufacturing Chemists,
North and Brown Streets, Philadelphia.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu
is the greatest specific for Universal Lassitude, Prostration, &c.

This preparation, once affected with Organic Weakness, requires the aid of Medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does. If no treatment ensues.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract of
Buchu,

In affections peculiar to Females, unequalled by any preparation, as in Chlorosis, or Retention, Distension, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations. Ulcerated or Scurvy State of the Uterus, and all complaints incident to the sex, or the decline of change of life.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu
and Improved Rose Wash

Will radically exterminate from the system diseases arising from habits of dissipation, at little expense. Little or no change in diet, no inconvenience or exposure; completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copalva and Mercury, in all these diseases.

Use Helmbold's Fluid Extract
Buchu

In all diseases of these organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor, "immediate" in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations or Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from broken-down or delicate constitutions, procure the remedy at once.

The reader must be aware that, however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect the bodily health and mental powers.

All the above diseases require the aid of a Diuretic. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. Price—\$1.25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for \$6.00. Delivered to any address. Describe symptoms in all communications.

Address
H. T. HELMBOLD,
Drug and Chemical Warehouse,
594 BROADWAY, New York.

NONE ARE GENUINE

Unless done up in steel-engraved wrapper, with fac simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed.

H. T. HELMBOLD.
April 28, 1870.—I.

JACOB BURKLE. THOS. REED.

Importers and dealers in

CHINA.

Glass and Queensware

House Furnishing Goods, Table Cutlery,

Lamps, Chimneys, Coal Oil, &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

S. W. CORNER PIKE AND MADISON ST.

COVINGTON, KY

OCT 1st

1869 1869

NEW

Fall Goods.

JUST RECEIVED AT

R. C. WHERRITT'S

My Goods were purchased
before the recent advanced,
therefore I can offer inducements to my customers.

FOR
COTTON CLOTHS
AND

CALICOS,

DRESS GOODS

SILKS

Embroideries and Laces,

CLOTHES,

Casimères and Vestings,

GO TO

Wherritt's

Wall Paper,

Carpets and Rugs,

Oil Cloths, &c., &c.

I am determined not to be under-sold, and having a large stock for my customers to select from, I can insure satisfaction to all. Give me a call before purchasing.

R. C. WHERRITT
Cynthiana, Oct 22-ly

Eclectic Medical College
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

Chattered April 22, 1865.
The sixth Session of this College will begin its preliminary course the 4th day of October, and the regular course on Wednesday, the 13th day of October 1869, and continue eighteen weeks.

FACTORY
JOS. R. BUHANAN, M.D.,
Emeritus Professor and Lecturer on the Institutes of Medicine.

ROBERT P. BROWN, M.D.,
Professor of Operative Surgery and Surgical Diseases.

PAUL W. ALLEN, M.D.,
Professor of Theory and Practice of Medicine.

WILLIAM H. HADLEY, M.D.,
Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.

JAMES M. DAVIS, M.D.,
Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.

EDWIN FREEMAN, M.D.,
Professor of Descriptive and Surgical Anatomy.

J. M. F. BROWN, M.D., LL.D.,
Professor of Physiology and Pathology.

J. MILLER STANARDS, M.D., LL.D.,
Professor of Chemistry.

H. D. GARRISON, M.D.,
Professor of Pharmacy.

FRANK TABOR, A.M.,
Professor of Medical Jurisprudence.

JOHN H. FITCH, M.D.,
Demonstrator and Adjunct Professor.

FEES.

Fees for one full course of lectures, \$100

Matriculation Fee,

Demonstrator Fee,

Graduation Fee,

Hospital Tickets,

To pay for admission to the College,

To keep one Student in the College,

Students have access to all the hospitals in the city,

Board,

Books,

Apparatus,

Experiments,

Instruction,

Entertainment,

Accommodation,

Address

M. E. HOOFFMAN, Permanent Agent; Cynthiana, Ky.

THIS machine is conceded to be the best

Machine now in use, and is warranted

to give entire satisfaction.

Persons desiring to purchase, do well to

give me a call.

I can be found on the sec-

ond floor of the STONE FRONT, where

where I will be happy to see my friends and

the public generally.

Dec 3-ly

E. ROBERT S. NEWTON, M.D., President Faculty.

Aug 12-ly.

3 East 15th st.

THE CELEBRATED

GROVER & BAKE

FAMILY SEWING MACHINE!!!

ELASTIC

Mrs. MARY E. HOOFFMAN

Permanent Agent; Cynthiana, Ky.

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